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## Midterm Exam

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溫馨提醒:

1. My Next Reading 5 的單元 U1、U7、U9 和 U16 課本與習作之習題均為寒假作業，學期間不需書寫。

2. 單字表原則上按照週次安排進行背誦，畫斜線為認讀字。

v. = verb 動詞

a. = adjective 形容詞

adv. = adverb 副詞

n. = noun 名詞

pron. = pronoun 代名詞

prep. = preposition 介系詞

ph. = phrase 片語

conj. = conjunction 連接詞

aux. = auxiliary verb 助動詞

### My Next Reading 5 U1 Play Outside!

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
1	young	a. 年輕的		
2	different	a. 不同的		
3	suggest	v 建議		
4	teach	v. 教		
5	hopscotch	n. 跳房子遊戲		
6	agree	v. 同意		

## SUG1 U10 The conjunction *and*

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
7	and	conj. 和	W1/	
8	kittens <u> </u>	n. 小貓(複數)	W1/	
9	a parrot	n. 鸚鵡	W1/	
10	cold	a. 冷的	W1/	
11	windy	a. 多風的	W1/	
12	a hill	n. 山丘	W1/	
13	sweet	a. 甜的	W1/	
14	juicy	a. 多汁的	W1/	
15	bought	v. 買(buy 的過去式)	W1/	
16	trucks <u> </u>	n. 卡車(複數)	W1/	
17	brothers <u> </u>	n. 兄弟(複數)	W1/	
18	sisters <u> </u>	n. 姊妹(複數)	W1/	
19	wear	v. 穿	W2/	
20	a T-shirt	n. T 恤	W2/	
21	shorts	n. 短褲	W2/	

### My Next Reading 5 U2 Jurassic Park

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
22	dinosaur	n. 恐龍	W2/	
23	guide	n. 嚮導	W2/	
24	attack	v. 攻擊	W2/	
25	explain	v. 說明	W2/	
26	meat	n. 肉	W2/	
27	huge	a. 巨大的	W2/	

### My Next Reading 5 U3 Is It a House?

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
28	grassland	n. 草原	W2/	
29	raise	v. 飼養	W2/	
30	portable	a. 便於攜帶的	W2/	
31	build	v. 建造	W3/	
32	stilt	n. 支柱	W3/	
33	flood	n. 洪水	W3/	

## SUG1 U11 Capital letters and full stops

	English	中文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
34	weather	n. 天氣	W3/	
35	a supermarket	n. 超級市場	W3/	
36	favourite(英式)	a. 最喜歡的	W3/	
37	centre(英式)	n. 中心	W3/	
38	traffic lights	ph. 紅綠燈	W3/	
39	carry	v. 載運	W3/	
40	fridge	n. 冰箱	W3/	
41	tail <u>s</u>	n. 尾巴(複數)	W3/	
42	flew	v. 飛(fly 的過去式)	W3/	
43	exerci <u>s</u> e	n. 運動	W4/	
44	quiet	a. 安靜的	W4/	
45	loud	a. 大聲的	W4/	
46	greedy	a. 貪心的	W4/	
47	sail	v. 航行	W4/	
48	miss <u>e</u> d	v. 錯過(miss 的過去式)	W4/	

### My Next Reading 5 U4 How Sounds Travel

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
49	sound	n. 聲音	W4/	
50	vibration	v. 振動	W4/	
51	send	v. 發送	W4/	
52	bottom	n. 底部	W4/	
53	tie	v. 綁	W4/	
54	pass	v. 通過	W4/	

### My Next Reading 5 U5 Simon's Challenge

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
55	extreme	a. 極度的	W5/	
56	strength	n. 力	W5/	
57	challenge	n. 挑戰	W5/	
58	limit	n. 限度	W5/	
59	decide	v. 決定	W5/	
60	join	v. 參加	W5/	

## SUG1 U12 Capital letters: names of people

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
61	Mr.	n. 先生(稱謂)	W5/	
62	Mrs.	n. 夫人(稱謂)	W5/	
63	Miss	n. 小姐(稱謂)	W5/	
64	went	v. 去(go 的過去式)	W5/	
65	with	prep. 和	W5/	
66	called	v. 稱呼(call 的過去式)	W5/	
67	know	v. 知道	W6/	
68	a story	n. 故事	W6/	
69	met	v. 遇見(meet 的過去式)	W6/	
70	shopping	n. 購物	W6/	
71	a mall	n. 商城	W6/	
72	invited	v. 邀請(invite 的過去式)	W6/	
73	a hood	n. 頭巾；風帽	W6/	

## My Next Reading 5 U6 Pop Art

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
74	create	v. 創造	W6/	
75	artist	n. 藝術家	W6/	
76	bold	a. 顯著的	W6/	
77	bright	a. 明亮的	W6/	
78	simple	a. 簡單的	W6/	
79	popular	a. 受歡迎的	W6/	

## My Next Reading 5 U7 My Uncle's Fruit Farm

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
80	farmer	n. 農夫		
81	orchard	n. 果樹園		
82	wagon	n. 推車		
83	twist	v. 扭轉		
84	careful	a. 小心的		
85	bug	n. 蟲子		



## SUG1 U13 Capital letters: names of days and months

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
86	Monday	n. 星期一	W7/	
87	Tuesday	n. 星期二	W7/	
88	Wednesday	n. 星期三	W7/	
89	Thursday	n. 星期四	W7/	
90	Friday	n. 星期五	W7/	
91	Saturday	n. 星期六	W7/	
92	Sunday	n. 星期日	W7/	
93	January	n. 一月	W7/	
94	February	n. 二月	W7/	
95	March	n. 三月	W7/	
96	April	n. 四月	W7/	
97	May	n. 五月	W7/	
98	June	n. 六月	W8/	
99	July	n. 七月	W8/	
100	August	n. 八月	W8/	
101	September	n. 九月	W8/	
102	October	n. 十月	W8/	
103	November	n. 十一月	W8/	
104	December	n. 十二月	W8/	

## My Next Reading 5 U8 A Great Composer

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
105	pianist	n. 鋼琴家	W8/	
106	deaf	a. 聾的	W8/	
107	cut off	v. 切除	W8/	
108	floor	n. 地板	W8/	
109	compose	v. 作(詩、曲)等	W8/	
110	mind	n. 頭腦	W8/	

## SUG1 U14 Capital letters: names of places

	English	中文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
111	New York	n. 紐約	W9/	
112	Paris	n. 巴黎	W9/	
113	Hong Kong	n. 香港	W9/	
114	Mount	n. 山	W9/	
115	Lake	n. 湖	W9/	
116	Western	a. 西部的	W9/	
117	Australia	n. 澳洲	W9/	
118	Strait	n. 海峽	W9/	
119	England	n. 英格蘭	W9/	
120	South	n. 南方	W9/	
121	Road	n. 路	W9/	
122	Square	n. 廣場	W9/	
123	Street	n. 街	W9/	

## My Next Reading 5 U9 The Little Squirrels' Acorns

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
124	squirrel	n. 松鼠		
125	pick up	v. 拾起		
126	acorn	n. 橡子		
127	second	a. 第二的		
128	third	a. 第三的		
129	store	v. 貯存		

## My Next Reading 5 U10 The Online World

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
130	imagine	v. 想像	W11/	
131	opinion	n. 意見	W11/	
132	sadness	n. 悲傷	W11/	
133	remember	v. 記住	W11/	
134	respect	v. 尊重	W11/	
135	spread	v. 散播	W11/	

## SUG1 U15 Question words

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
136	What	pron. 什麼	W11/	
137	Where	pron. 哪裡	W11/	
138	Who	pron. 誰	W11/	
139	How	adv. 如何	W11/	
140	How old	ph. 幾歲	W11/	
141	How far	ph. 多遠	W11/	
142	back	adv. 回來	W12/	
143	younger	a. 較年輕的	W12/	
144	a manager	n. 經理	W12/	
145	biggest	a. 最大的	W12/	
146	boots <u> </u>	n. 靴子(複數)	W12/	
147	spell	v. 拼寫	W12/	
148	a show	n. 節目	W12/	
149	gave	v. 給(give 的過去式)	W12/	
150	slippers <u> </u>	n. 拖鞋(複數)	W12/	

## My Next Reading 5 U11 Different Seeds

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
151	round	a. 圓形	W12/	
152	pumpkin	n. 南瓜	W12/	
153	sunflower	n. 向日葵	W12/	
154	smooth	a. 光滑的	W13/	
155	rough	a. 粗糙的	W13/	
156	peach	n. 水蜜桃	W13/	

## My Next Reading 5 U12 Vote for Emma!

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
157	election	n. 選舉	W13/	
158	prepare	v. 準備	W13/	
159	plan	n. 計畫	W13/	
160	poster	n. 海報	W13/	
161	boring	a. 無聊的	W13/	
162	vote	v. 投票	W13/	

## SUG1 U16 Positive and negative sentences

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
163	not	adv. 不	W13/	
164	no	adj. 不	W13/	
165	never	adv. 從不	W13/	
166	shining	a. 光亮的	W14/	
167	broken	a. 損壞的	W14/	
168	a party	n. 派對	W14/	
169	safari	n. 狩獵	W14/	
170	excited	a. 興奮的	W14/	
171	a cage	n. 籠子	W14/	
172	wander	v. 閒逛	W14/	
173	escape	v. 逃脫	W14/	
174	harm	v. 危害	W14/	
175	people	n. 人們(person 的複數)	W14/	
176	a jacket	n. 夾克	W14/	
177	parents	n. 雙親(複數)	W14/	

## My Next Reading 5 U13 Volcanoes

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
178	volcano	n. 火山	W15/	
179	erupt	v. 噴出	W15/	
180	dangerous	a. 危險的	W15/	
181	flow	v. (河川等)流動	W15/	
182	burst	v. 爆炸	W15/	
183	island	n. 島	W15/	

## My Next Reading 5 U14 An Old Library in Ryan's Town

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
184	stain	n. 污漬	W15/	
185	scratch	v. 刮痕	W15/	
186	permission	n. 允許	W15/	
187	sketch	v. 寫生	W15/	
188	shiny	a. 發光的	W15/	
189	proud	a. 驕傲的	W15/	



## SUG1 U17 Subject and verb

	English	中文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
190	chasing	v. 追逐	W16/	
191	uniform	n. 制服	W16/	
192	fell	v. 掉落(fall 的過去式)	W16/	
193	tyre(英式)	n. 輪胎	W16/	
194	plates	n. 盤子(複數)	W16/	
195	a bridge	n. 橋	W16/	
196	quack	v. (鴨)呱呱叫	W16/	
197	roar	v. (獅虎)吼叫	W16/	
198	look after	ph. 照顧	W16/	
199	hurting	v. 受傷	W16/	
200	a carrot	n. 胡蘿蔔	W16/	
201	a railway	n. 鐵路	W16/	
202	a shelf	n. 書架	W17/	
203	peas	n. 豌豆(複數)	W17/	
204	photos	n. 照片(複數)	W17/	

## My Next Reading 5 U15 The First Marathon

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
205	war	n. 戰爭	W17/	
206	soldier	n. 軍人	W17/	
207	fight	n. 打仗	W17/	
208	victory	n. 勝利	W17/	
209	messenger	n. 送信人	W17/	
210	arrive	v. 抵達	W17/	

## My Next Reading 5 U16 The Elves and the Shoemaker

No.	English	詞性/中文	Week/Date	家長簽名
211	shoemaker	n. 鞋匠		
212	poor	a. 貧窮的		
213	midnight	v. 半夜十二點鐘		
214	naked	a. 裸體的		
215	elf	n. 小精靈		
216	clothes	n. 衣服		

## SUG1 U18 Simple sentences

	English	中 文	Week/Date	單字背誦 家長簽名
217	barks <u>u</u>	v. 狗吠(現在式)	W17/	
218	must	v. 必須	W17/	
219	fast	adv. 快速	W17/	
220	sea	n. 海	W18/	
221	near	prep. 靠近	W18/	
222	a magician	n. 魔術師	W18/	
223	pull out	ph. 拉出	W18/	
224	feed	v. 餵食	W18/	
225	drew	v. 畫圖(draw的過去式)	W18/	
226	a picture	n. 圖畫	W18/	
227	gardeners <u>u</u>	n. 園丁(複數)	W18/	
228	women	n. 女人(woman的複數)	W18/	
229	paint	v. 彩繪	W18/	
230	chew	v. 咀嚼	W18/	
231	mice	n. 老鼠(mouse的複數)	W18/	

# Unit 1 Play Outside



Jason plays smartphone games in the living room. Dad asks, "How about going outside and playing? When I was young, I always played outside." Jason says, "It's different these days. Most of my friends play games inside. I'm not interested in outdoor activities."

Dad wants Jason to play outside. He suggests to Jason, "Let's go outside. Let me teach you how to play hopscotch or tag." Jason thinks a little bit and agrees, "Okay. Let's go!" They have a great time outside. Jason says, "It's fun. I'll teach my friends tomorrow!"

Jason 在客廳玩手機遊戲。爸爸問：「去戶外玩如何？。當我年輕時，我總是在戶外玩。」 Jason 說：「現在不一樣了。我大部分的朋友在室內玩遊戲。我對戶外活動沒有興趣。」

爸爸想要 Jason 在戶外玩。他建議 Jason：「我們去戶外吧。讓我教你怎麼玩跳房子和鬼抓人。」 Jason 想了一下並同意：「好啊。走吧！」他們在戶外玩得很開心。 Jason 說：「真好玩。我明天要教我的朋友玩！」

# Unit 2 Jurassic Park



“Welcome to Jurassic Park. We have many kinds of dinosaurs,” a guide says.

「歡迎來到侏羅紀公園。我們有很多種恐龍。」一名導遊說。

“There’s a Brachiosaurus. That’s my favorite,” Richard says. “The Brachiosaurus is a big dinosaur. It’s bigger than other dinosaurs. But it’s very gentle. It doesn’t attack others. It eats lots of leaves,” the guide explains. Elsa shouts, “Look! That’s a Tyrannosaurus rex.” The guide says, “Yes, right! It’s stronger than other dinosaurs. It eats only meat.”

「有一隻腕龍。那是我的最愛。」Richard 說。「腕龍是一隻很大的恐龍。牠比其他的恐龍大。但牠非常的溫和。牠不會攻擊其他恐龍。牠吃很多的樹葉。」導遊解釋。Elsa 大喊：「看！那是一隻暴龍。」導遊說：「對，沒錯！牠比其他恐龍強壯。牠只吃肉。」

Dana asks, “Are there small dinosaurs?” “Yes! All dinosaurs are not huge. Look at that small dinosaur. Its name is Compsognathus. It’s about the size of a chicken,” the guide smiles.

Dana 問：「有小的恐龍嗎？」  
「有！所有的恐龍都不巨大。看看那隻小恐龍。牠的名字是美領龍。牠的大小大概是一隻雞。」導遊笑著說。

# Unit 3 Is It a House?



There are many types of houses around the world. That's because of different environments.

全世界有很多類型的房子。那是因為不同的環境。

We can see a ger in the grassland of Mongolia. Mongolians usually raise animals for a living. They have to move around to find grass for the animals. So their house is portable. It's easy to build and move.

我們可以看到一個蒙古包在蒙古的草原上。蒙古人通常以養動物維生。他們需要到處搬遷去幫動物尋找草。所以他們的房子是可攜帶的。很容易建造及搬遷。

In Southeast Asia, some people live in a stilt house. They catch fish for a living. So they build their house on strong stilts near water. The house is tall and safe from floods.

在東南亞，有些人住在干欄屋。他們以捕魚為生。所以他們的房子建造在水附近堅固的柱子上。房子很高而且不會受到洪水的影響。

The house types are different, but people feel comfortable in these houses.

房子的類型不同，但人們住在這些房子裡感到很舒服。

# Unit 4 How Sounds Travel



How do we hear sounds? Sounds are vibrations. The vibrations travel through the air and materials. Our ears collect the sound vibrations and send them to our brains.

Here's a fun way to see how sounds travel.

## What you need:

2 paper cups, string, 2 paper clips

## Instructions:

1. Make a small hole in the bottom of each cup.
2. Thread the string through each cup.
3. Tie the paper clips to the ends of the string.

Talk into one cup. Your voice vibrates the cup. These vibrations pass through the string, and your friend can hear you from the other cup.

我們如何聽到聲音呢？聲音是振動。振動透過空氣和物質行進。我們的耳朵接收聲音的振動然後傳送到我們的大腦。這裡有一個看聲音如何行進的有趣方法。

## 你需要：

兩個紙杯、線、兩個迴紋針

## 操作方式：

1. 在每個杯子的底部戳一個小洞。
2. 把線穿過每個杯子。
3. 把迴紋針綁在線的兩端。

對著一個杯子裡說話。你的聲音振動著杯子。這些振動經過線，然後你的朋友可以從另一個杯子聽到你。

# Unit 5 Simon's Challenge



Simon is good at all sports. One day, he looks at the poster about the kids triathlon. A triathlon is a three-sport race: swimming, biking, and running. It is an extreme sport. It is not easy to finish the triathlon race. It needs a lot of strength.

Simon wants to challenge his limits. He decides to join in the kids triathlon. He has six months until the race.

He immediately starts practice. He swims every morning. He runs to his school every day. He rides a bike after school every day.

The big day comes.

Way to go, Simon!

Simon 擅長所有的運動。有一天，他看著兒童鐵人三項的海報。鐵人三項是一個三種運動的比賽：游泳、騎腳踏車和跑步。這是一種極限運動。完成鐵人三項並不簡單。需要很多的體力。

Simon 想要挑戰他的極限。他決定參加兒童鐵人三項。到比賽前他有六個月的時間。

他馬上開始練習。他每天早上游泳。他每天跑去他的學校。他每天放學後騎腳踏車。

重要的日子來了。

做得好，Simon！



# Unit 6 Pop Art

## CD 18-19

You can easily find cola cans or ketchup bottles. Can you create art with these things? Some artists can. They create art with images of everyday objects. They also use images of movie stars. Most of their paintings have bold lines and bright colors. The paintings look simple and fun.

This kind of art is called pop art. It started in the UK in the 1950s. Then it became popular in New York in the 1960s. Andy Warhol was a great pop artist. He enjoyed using images of popular products and Hollywood stars.

Look around you. Anything can become art.

你可以很容易地找到可樂罐或番茄醬瓶。你能夠將這些東西創造成藝術嗎？有些藝術家可以。他們將日常生活用品創造成藝術。他們也會用電影明星的影像。他們大部分的畫作有醒目的線條和明亮的顏色。畫作看起來簡潔又有趣。

這種藝術被稱為普普藝術。它開始於英國的 1950 年代。接著它在紐約的 1960 年代越來越流行。Andy Warhol 是一位很棒的普普藝術家。他喜歡運用流行用品和好萊塢明星的影像。

看看你的周圍。任何東西都可以成為藝術。

# Unit 7 My Uncle's Fruit Farm



My uncle is a farmer. He grows apples in his orchard. I visit my uncle every fall. He needs a lot of hands in the busy season. In the early morning, we pull a wagon and go out to the orchard.

I'm good at picking apples. Picking apples from the trees is easy. First, find a red apple. Then, twist the apple off the branch. Be careful not to pull the apple. That's it. I sometimes find bugs or worms. Eek! This one has no legs. Farm work is hard, but it is a good experience for me.

我的叔叔是一位農夫。他在他的果園種植蘋果。我每年秋天拜訪我的叔叔。在忙碌的季節他需要很多幫助。在清晨，我們拉著拖車然後去果園。

我很擅長摘蘋果。從樹上摘蘋果很簡單。首先，找一顆紅色的蘋果。接著，將蘋果從樹枝上扭下來。小心不要拉蘋果。就是這樣。我有時候會發現蟲子或蠕蟲。噁！這一隻沒有腳。農活很辛苦，但對我來說是一個很好的經驗。

# Unit 8 A Great Composer



Ludwig van Beethoven was a great composer and pianist. He wrote a lot of great music. Here is an amazing story about Beethoven.

At about thirty, Beethoven became deaf. Surprisingly, he wrote most of his great works after he lost his hearing. How did he write his music then?

He used vibrations to hear his music. He cut off the legs of his piano. He could feel the vibrations through the floor. He used his own way to hear his music. He was able to compose his music in his mind. Isn't it really amazing?

Ludwig van Beethoven 是一位偉大的作曲家和鋼琴家。他寫了很多很棒的音樂。這是一個關於 Beethoven 驚人的故事。

大約三十歲時，Beethoven 變成聾人。出人意料，他大部分偉大的作品在他失聰後寫出來的。那他是如何寫他的音樂呢？

他利用振動來聽他的音樂。他砍斷鋼琴腳。他能夠透過地板感受振動。他用他自己的方式聽他的音樂。他能夠在他的頭腦中作他的曲。是不是真的很驚人？

# Unit 9 The Little Squirrels' Acorns



Winter is coming. The squirrel family is very busy. They have to collect food for the cold winter.

Mom Squirrel gives baskets to her three little squirrels. "Please pick up 25 acorns for each basket." They take the baskets and go outside.

First Squirrel asks, "How many acorns should we get altogether?" Second Squirrel says, "We have three baskets, so 25 plus 25...." Third Squirrel shouts, "75 acorns! 3 times 25 equals 75." They come back home with acorns.

Mom Squirrel says, "Good job, my children! Let's eat 20 acorns for dinner. Then we can store 55 acorns."

冬天要來了。松鼠一家非常忙碌。他們必須為了寒冷的冬天收集食物。

松鼠媽媽把籃子給她的三隻小松鼠。「每一個籃子請撿 25 顆像實。」他們拿著籃子並出門。

第一隻松鼠問：「我們總共應該要有多少顆像實呢？」第二隻松鼠說：「我們有三個籃子，所以 25 加 25...。」第三隻松鼠大喊：「75 顆像實！3 乘以 25 等於 75。」他們帶著像實回家。

松鼠媽媽說：「做得好，我的孩子們！讓我們吃 20 顆像實當晚餐吧。然後我們可以儲藏 55 顆像實。」

# Unit 10 The Online World



Can you imagine the world without the internet? Maybe it is impossible. The internet is becoming more important in our lives. We use the internet almost every day. We visit various websites and get information. We also give opinions and share ideas there. We can share our joys and sadness.

However, our words can hurt other people's feelings. So we need to have good manners online. Remember the tips below.

- Respect other people's opinions.
- Don't use bad words.
- Don't spread rumors.
- Think again before posting.

Now you're ready to have fun on the internet.

你能想像沒有網路的世界嗎？或許這是不可能的。網路在我們的生活中越來越重要。我們幾乎每天使用網路。我們瀏覽各式各樣的網站然後得到資訊。我們也在那發表觀點和分享想法。我們可以分享我們的喜悅和悲傷。

然而，我們的用詞可以讓他人感覺受到傷害。所以我們在網路上需要有禮貌。記住以下的忠告。

- 尊重其他人的觀點。
- 不要用不好的用詞。
- 不要散播謠言。
- 發表前再思考一次。

現在你準備好在網路上玩的開心。

# Unit 11 Different Seeds



Plants start their lives from seeds. Each seed has a baby plant inside it. Seeds have different shapes, colors, textures, and sizes.

Some are round. Others are flat. Mustard seeds are round. Pumpkin seeds are flat.

Some are brown or black. Others are in many different colors. Sunflower seeds are black. Kidney bean seeds are red. Corn seeds are yellow.

Some are smooth. Others are rough. Bean seeds are smooth. Peach seeds are rough.

Most seeds are very small, but some are large. Sea coconut seeds are as big as basketballs.

植物的一生從種子開始。每一顆種子裡面有胚胎在裡面。種子有不同的形狀、顏色、質地和大小。

有些是圓的。有些是扁的。芥末的種子是圓的。南瓜的種子是扁的。

有些是咖啡色的或黑色的。有些是很多不同的顏色。向日葵的種子是黑色的。腰豆的種子是紅色的。玉米的種子是黃色的。

有些是光滑的。有些是粗糙的。豆子的種子是光滑的。桃子的種子是粗糙的。

大部分的種子非常的小，但有些很大。海底椰的種子和籃球一樣大。

# Unit 12 Vote for Emma!



There will be an election for our class president next month. Emma wants to be the class president. Some of Emma's friends help her prepare for the election. They get together and make a plan.

Chloe says, "We need a good slogan." Emma says, "You're right. We can use it for posters." Noah says, "How about *Emma for Class President?*" Chloe says, "Hmm... It's a little boring! How about this? *Go Emma! Vote for Emma!*" Noah shouts, "That's awesome! It's catchy!" Emma also likes Chloe's idea. They decide to use Chloe's slogan.

*Go Emma! Vote for Emma!*

下個月有一場我們班班長的選舉。Emma 想要成為班長。有一些 Emma 的朋友幫助她準備選舉。他們聚在一起制定一個計畫。

Chloe 說：「我們需要一個有趣的口號。」Emma 說：「你說的對。我們可以用在海報上。」Noah 說：「那 *Emma 是班長* 如何？」Chloe 說：「嗯... 有點無趣！那這個如何？*Emma 加油！投給 Emma!*」Noah 大喊：「太棒了！很琅琅上口！」Emma 也喜歡 Chloe 的想法。他們決定使用 Chloe 的口號。

*Emma 加油！投給 Emma!*

# Unit 13 Volcanoes



There are about 1,500 active volcanoes on the earth. Most of them are in the Pacific Ocean. About 50 volcanoes erupt each year. When a volcano erupts, dangerous gases and lava come out. Lava is hot liquid rock. Hot lava flows over the land. Harmful gases burst into the air. Volcanic ash covers the sky.

Volcanoes can cause great damage. A long time ago, a volcano erupted in Pompeii. The city was destroyed.

However, volcanoes can be helpful. Lava and volcanic ash have various minerals. They make the soil rich. Volcanoes can also create new islands or land.

有大約 1,500 座活火山在地球上。它們大部分在太平洋裡。每年大約有 50 座火山噴發。當一座火山噴發，危險的氣體和岩漿冒出來。岩漿是高溫的液態岩石。高溫的岩漿流過土地。有害的氣體噴到空氣中。火山灰覆蓋天空。

火山可以造成大量的危害。很久以前，一座在龐貝的火山噴發。城市被摧毀。

然而，火山可以是有用的。岩漿和火山灰有各式各樣的礦物質。它們讓土壤肥沃。火山也可以創造新的島嶼或土地。



# Unit 14 An Old Library in Ryan's Town



There is a small old library in Ryan's town. It looks old with stains and scratches.

Ryan wants to do something for the old library. He has a good idea. Painting pictures on its walls! Ryan meets the head of the library and gets permission. He gathers his friends to work together. They talk about what to draw.

The next morning, they meet at the library. First, they start to sketch on the walls. Then, they mix colors and paint their sketches. Now the walls look new and shiny. Ryan and his friends feel proud of their work.

有一座老舊的圖書館在 Ryan 的鎮上。它因為污漬和刮痕看起來很老舊。Ryan 想要為這座老舊的圖書館做些什麼。他有一個很棒的想法。在它的牆上畫圖！他和圖書館的領導人會面並且獲得許可。他聚集他的朋友來一起做事。他們討論要畫什麼。

隔天早上，他們在圖書館碰面。首先，他們開始在牆上畫草圖。接著，他們調色然後畫在他們的草圖上。現在的牆看起來很新又閃亮。Ryan 和他的朋友對他們的作品感到驕傲。

# Unit 15 The First Marathon



The marathon is a 42.195km race. Why is it called the marathon? Why is it 42.195km? It goes back 2,500 years.

There was a big war between the Persians and the Greeks at Marathon. The Persian army was bigger than the Greeks'.

But the smart Greek soldiers won the fight. They wanted to give the news of the victory to Athens. They sent a messenger. He was Phidippides. He ran about 42km from Marathon to Athens. He kept running without stopping.

Finally he arrived at Athens and shouted, "We won!" That is why the marathon is called the marathon.

馬拉松是一個 42.195 公里的比賽。它為什麼叫馬拉松呢？它為什麼是 42.195 公里呢？這要回到 2,500 年前。

波斯人和希臘人在馬拉松有一場大戰。波斯人的軍隊比希臘人的軍隊更大。

但是聰明的希臘士兵贏了對戰。他們想要把勝利的消息傳給雅典。他們派一位信使。他是 Phidippides。他從馬拉松到雅典大約跑了 42 公里。他持續跑沒有停下來。

最終他到達了雅典並大喊：「我們贏了！」那就是為什麼馬拉松叫馬拉松。

# Unit 16 The Elves and the Shoemaker



Once upon a time, there was an honest shoemaker. He worked hard, but he was poor. He had leather only for one pair of shoes. He left the leather and went to bed.

In the morning, he found a pair of beautiful shoes! This happened the next day and the next day after too. "Who made the shoes?" That night, the shoemaker hid behind a door. At midnight, two naked elves came and made shoes. "They helped me! How can I help them?" The shoemaker made clothes and shoes for the elves. The elves were happy. He was happy too.

很久以前，有一位誠實的鞋匠。他努力工作，但是他很窮。他有的皮革只夠一雙鞋。他留下皮革然後去睡覺。

早上時，他發現了一雙漂亮的鞋子！這也發生在隔天和後天。

「誰做這些鞋子？」那天晚上，鞋匠躲在一扇門後面。午夜時，兩個光著身體的小精靈來了並且做鞋。「他們幫助了我！我能怎麼回報他們呢？」鞋匠做了衣服和鞋子給小精靈。小精靈很開心。他也很開心。

